

## STAT 714 hw 1

Matrix representation of linear model, the matrix inverse, solving  $\mathbf{Ax} = \mathbf{b}$ , linear independence

- Four treatments will be compared in an experiment in which four subjects are assigned to each treatment according to a Latin Square design. There are two blocking variables—row and column blocking variables—with four levels each. The block and treatment arrangement will follow the diagram

	$B_1$	$B_2$	$B_3$	$B_4$
$A_1$	1	2	3	4
$A_2$	2	1	4	3
$A_3$	3	4	2	1
$A_4$	4	3	1	2

where  $A_1, A_2, A_3, A_4$  and  $B_1, B_2, B_3, B_4$  are block effects and the numbers in the cell indicate what treatment is applied at the block combinations. The resulting data will be analyzed assuming the linear model

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu + A_i + B_j + \alpha_k + \varepsilon_{ijk}, \quad i, j, k \in \{1, 2, 3, 4\},$$

where  $\mu$  is a mean,  $\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_4$  are fixed treatment effects,  $A_i$  are independent Normal  $(0, \sigma_A^2)$ ,  $B_j$  are independent Normal  $(0, \sigma_B^2)$ ,  $\varepsilon_{ijk}$  are independent Normal  $(0, \sigma_\varepsilon^2)$ , and the  $A_i$ ,  $B_j$ , and  $\varepsilon_{ijk}$  are independent. Write the linear model in matrix notation  $\mathbf{Y} = \mathbf{X}\mathbf{b} + \mathbf{Z}\mathbf{u} + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}$ , where  $\mathbf{b}$  contains fixed parameters and  $\mathbf{u}$  contains random effects. Write out the entries of each vector and matrix.

- For a matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{A} & \mathbf{B} \\ \mathbf{C} & \mathbf{D} \end{bmatrix}$  with  $\mathbf{A}$  and  $\mathbf{D}$  invertible, verify that

$$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{A} & \mathbf{B} \\ \mathbf{C} & \mathbf{D} \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{A}^{-1} + \mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{B}\mathbf{E}^{-1}\mathbf{C}\mathbf{A}^{-1} & -\mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{B}\mathbf{E}^{-1} \\ -\mathbf{E}^{-1}\mathbf{C}\mathbf{A}^{-1} & \mathbf{E}^{-1} \end{bmatrix},$$

where  $\mathbf{E} = \mathbf{D} - \mathbf{C}\mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{B}$ .

- Let  $\mathbf{X}$  be an  $n \times p$  matrix. Describe the change in  $\mathbf{X}$  when it is premultiplied by  $(\mathbf{I}_n - \frac{1}{n}\mathbf{1}_n\mathbf{1}_n^T)$ .
- Characterize the solution set of  $\mathbf{Ax} = \mathbf{b}$  (provided the system of equations is consistent), where

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 & -2 \\ -3 & -2 & -1 \\ 6 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ 1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- Show that if two nonzero vectors  $\mathbf{v}_1$  and  $\mathbf{v}_2$  are orthogonal, then  $\{\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2\}$  is linearly independent.
- Let  $\{\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2\}$  be a set of linearly independent vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^n$  and let

$$\mathbf{u}_1 = \mathbf{v}_1 \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{u}_2 = \mathbf{v}_2 - \left( \frac{\mathbf{v}_2 \cdot \mathbf{v}_1}{\mathbf{v}_1 \cdot \mathbf{v}_1} \right) \mathbf{v}_1.$$

Show that  $\{\mathbf{u}_1, \mathbf{u}_2\}$  is linearly independent. *Hint: Show that  $\mathbf{u}_1$  and  $\mathbf{u}_2$  are orthogonal.*