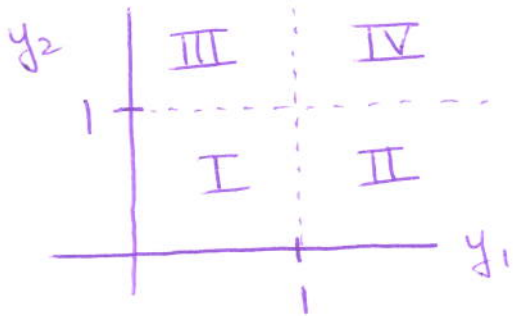


Example 4: Suppose the random vector  $(Y_1, Y_2)$  has joint pdf

$$f(y_1, y_2) = \begin{cases} y_1 + y_2 & \text{for } 0 < y_1 < 1, 0 < y_2 < 1 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

Find the joint cdf.

- Consider the diagram:



First, if  $y_1 \leq 0$  or  $y_2 \leq 0$ ,  $F(y_1, y_2) = 0$  clearly.

If  $0 < y_1 < 1$  and  $0 < y_2 < 1$  (Region I):

$$\begin{aligned} F(y_1, y_2) &= \int_0^{y_2} \int_0^{y_1} (t_1 + t_2) dt_1 dt_2 \\ &= \int_0^{y_2} \left[ \frac{t_1^2}{2} + t_1 t_2 \right]_{t_1=0}^{y_1} dt_2 = \int_0^{y_2} \left( \frac{y_1^2}{2} + y_1 t_2 \right) dt_2 \\ &= \left[ \frac{y_1^2}{2} t_2 + \frac{y_1 t_2^2}{2} \right]_{t_2=0}^{y_2} = \frac{y_1^2 y_2}{2} + \frac{y_1 y_2^2}{2} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} y_1 y_2 (y_1 + y_2) \end{aligned}$$

If  $y_1 \geq 1$  and  $0 < y_2 < 1$  (Region II):

$$F(y_1, y_2) = \int_0^{y_2} \int_0^1 (t_1 + t_2) dt_1 dt_2 = \int_0^{y_2} \left[ \frac{t_1^2}{2} + t_1 t_2 \right]_{t_1=0}^1 dt_2$$
$$= \int_0^{y_2} \left( \frac{1}{2} + t_2 \right) dt_2 = \left[ \frac{1}{2} t_2 + \frac{t_2^2}{2} \right]_0^{y_2} = \frac{y_2}{2} + \frac{y_2^2}{2} = \frac{1}{2} y_2 (y_2 + 1)$$

Similarly, if  $0 < y_1 < 1$  and  $y_2 \geq 1$  (Region III):

$$F(y_1, y_2) = \int_0^1 \int_0^{y_1} (t_1 + t_2) dt_1 dt_2 = \frac{1}{2} y_1 (y_1 + 1)$$

And for  $y_1 \geq 1$  and  $y_2 \geq 1$  (Region IV):

$$F(y_1, y_2) = \int_0^1 \int_0^1 (t_1 + t_2) dt_1 dt_2 = 1$$

So

$$F(y_1, y_2) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } y_1 \leq 0 \text{ or } y_2 \leq 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} y_1 y_2 (y_1 + y_2) & \text{for } 0 \leq y_1 < 1, 0 \leq y_2 < 1 \\ \frac{1}{2} y_2 (y_2 + 1) & \text{for } y_1 \geq 1, 0 < y_2 < 1 \\ \frac{1}{2} y_1 (y_1 + 1) & \text{for } 0 < y_1 < 1, y_2 \geq 1 \\ 1 & \text{for } y_1 \geq 1, y_2 \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

### Finding Probabilities with Joint pdf's

- With bivariate distributions, we should always sketch the region of support in the  $(y_1, y_2)$  plane.
- Finding a probability amounts to integrating the joint pdf over a particular region of that support.