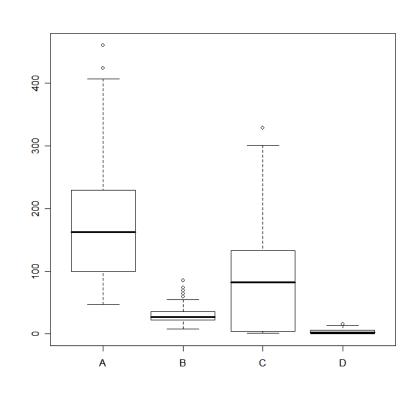
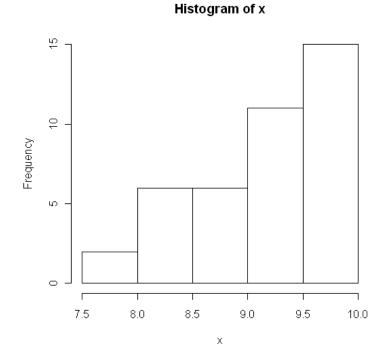
## Section 2.6-2.7 Self-Test

- 1) What percent of observations are at or below the 40<sup>th</sup> percentile?
  - a) Less than 40%
  - b) 40%
  - c) At least 40%
  - d) Less than 60%
  - e) 60%
  - f) At least 60%
- 2) What percent of observations are at or above the 40<sup>th</sup> percentile?
  - a) Less than 40%
  - b) 40%
  - c) At least 40%
  - d) Less than 60%
  - e) 60%
  - f) At least 60%
- 3) Consider the five number summary: Min = 20  $Q_1=26$  Median=35  $Q_3=42$  Max=80. The IQR is:
  - a) 6
  - b) 8
  - c) 9
  - d) 16
  - e) 60
- 4) For the box plots shown to the right, which of the variables has the smallest median?
  - a) A
  - b) B
  - c) C
  - d) D
  - e) Can't tell from the picture
- 5) For the box plots shown to the right, the third quartile  $(Q_3)$  of variable A is approximately:
  - a) 50
  - b) 100
  - c) 160
  - d) 230
  - e) 450



- 6) Consider the histogram to the left. This center and spread of this data set would be best summarized by:
  - a) The mean and IQR
  - b) The mean and median
  - c) The five number summary
  - d) The standard deviation and IQR
  - e) The median and standard deviation



- 7) A list of 20 exam scores range from 64 to 98. If a typo was made and the 64 was entered as a 4, then
  - a) The standard deviation would become larger and the IQR would become smaller
  - b) The standard deviation would become larger and the IQR would stay the same
  - c) The standard deviation would become smaller and the IQR would become larger
  - d) The standard deviation would become smaller and the IQR would stay the same
  - e) The standard deviation would stay the same and the IQR would become smaller