Homework Assignment 1 (Due Friday January 27 at 5PM) Total Points: 125

Please email your answer (compiled pdf file from R markdown) and R code to Anderson Bussing (ABUSSING@email.sc.edu). Please use the R markdown Homework template (Stat705_HWtemplate.Rmd) to write your homework solutions. For question 2(a)(b), you can hand write the solution.

- 1. Read the paper by Agresti et al. (2000), and generate Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 6. (20 points)
- A study of the effectiveness of streptokinase in the treatment of patients who have been hospitalized after myocardial infarction involves a treated and control group. In the streptokinase group, 2 of 15 patients died within 12 months. In the control group, 4 of 19 died with 12 months.
 - (a) Use Fisher's exact test to test for a difference in mortality rates. Do this by hand by writing down all possible tables with fixed marginal totals. You may confirm your results with a computer. (10 points)
 - (b) Compare your results using the test statistics based on the normal approximations. (10 points)
 - (c) Create Bayesian credible intervals for the risk difference, risk ratio and odds ratio. Plot the posterior for each and interpret the results. (20 points)
- 3. This problem considers the delta method.
 - (a) Derive the asymptotic standard error using the delta method for $\sqrt{\hat{p}}$ where \hat{p} is a binomial sample proportion. (10 points)
 - (b) Assume that n=200 and p = 0.5. Implement a simulation study to verify that the delta method results in approximately normally distributed variables. (15 points)
- 4. We would like to evaluate the performance of the log odds ratio interval estimate

$$\log \widehat{OR} \ \pm 1.96 \sqrt{\frac{1}{n11} + \frac{1}{n12} + \frac{1}{n21} + \frac{1}{n22}}.$$

Calculate the 95% C.I coverage rate for various p_1 and p_2 using n_1 =100, and n_2 =100, with 1,000 simulation. Filled the table below.

	$p_2 = 0.1$	$p_2 = 0.5$	$p_2 = 0.9$
$p_1 = 0.1$			
$p_1 = 0.5$			
$p_1 = 0.9$			

Table 1: 95% C.I. coverage rate for log odds ratio interval ($n_1=n_2=100$, simulation iteration=1,000). (15 points)

5. We would like to evaluate the performance of the log relative risk interval estimate

$$\log \widehat{RR} \pm 1.96 \sqrt{(1-\widehat{p_1})/\widehat{p_1}n_1 + (1-\widehat{p_2})/\widehat{p_2}n_2}.$$

Calculate the 95% C.I coverage rate for various p_1 and p_2 sing n_1 =100, and n_2 =100, with 1,000 simulation. Filled the table below.

	$p_2 = 0.1$	$p_2 = 0.5$	$p_2 = 0.9$
$p_1 = 0.1$			
$p_1 = 0.5$			
$p_1 = 0.9$			

Table 1: 95% C.I. coverage rate for log relative risk interval ($n_1=n_2=100$, simulation iteration=1,000). (15 points)

Reference:

1. Agresti A., Caffo B. (2000) Simple and Effective Confidence Intervals for Proportions and Differences of Proportions. The American Statistician 54, 280-288.